

DAILY CURRENT AFFAIRS 07-08-2025

GS-1

1. Sahel Region

GS-2

2. India Electric Mobility Index (IEMI)

GS-3

- 3. National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation
 Limited (NHIDCL)
- 4. LEAP-1 Mission
- 5. National Green Hydrogen Mission

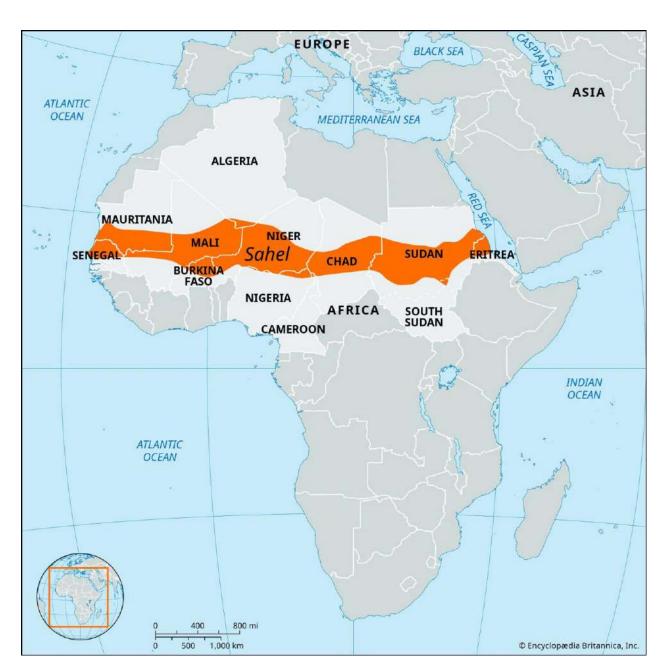
Sahel Region

Syllabus: GS-1; Geography

Context

Russia's growing influence: Signed a **nuclear agreement with Niger**, expanding its footprint in the region.

About



Location:

- A 5,000 km belt stretching from the Atlantic Ocean (West Africa) to the Red Sea (East Africa).
- Lies between the Sahara Desert (north) and the Sudanian Savanna (south).

Countries:

Includes parts of Senegal, Mauritania, Mali, Burkina Faso, Niger, Nigeria, Chad, Sudan, and Eritrea.

> Climate & Vegetation:

- o **Semiarid steppe** (dry grasslands) with erratic rainfall.
- **Vegetation**: Sparse savanna—grasses, thorny shrubs, and scattered trees like **acacia and baobab**.
- Security & Migration:
 - Hotspot for violent extremism due to weak governance, poverty, and climate change.
 - Major **transit route** for migrants from sub-Saharan Africa to Europe.

Challenges in the Sahel

1. Climate Change:

a. Increasing desertification and droughts threaten livelihoods (e.g., farming, herding).

2. Political Instability:

a. History of coups (e.g., Mali, Burkina Faso, Niger) and jihadist insurgencies (e.g., Boko Haram, Al-Qaeda affiliates).

3. Humanitarian Crisis:

a. Over **30 million people** face food insecurity (UN estimates).

Why is the Sahel Important?

- ➤ **Geopolitical**: Gateway between North and Sub-Saharan Africa; strategic for global powers (e.g., Russia, France, EU).
- **Ecological**: Buffer against Sahara's southward expansion.
- > **Migration Hub**: Critical route for African migrants heading to Europe.

India Electric Mobility Index (IEMI)

Syllabus: GS-2_Government Initiatives, GS-3: Sustainable Development.

Context:

➤ NITI Aayog on 4th August 2025 launched the India Electric Mobility Index (IEMI).

India Electric Mobility Index (IEMI) 2024 - UPSC Notes

What is IEMI?

- > A national benchmarking tool to track and rank States/UTs on progress in electric vehicle (EV) transition.
- > Launched by: NITI Aayog (2024).
- > **Purpose**: To monitor and accelerate India's sub-national EV adoption aligned with **Net-Zero by 2070**.

Objectives

- > Evaluate **EV adoption**, **infrastructure readiness**, and **R&D ecosystem** across states.
- Promote healthy federal competition and peer learning.
- Provide policy guidance and investment prioritisation.

Evaluation Framework

Assesses States/UTs on **16 indicators** across 3 core themes:

- > Transport Electrification Progress
 - EV adoption in passenger, freight, and public transport.
- > Charging Infrastructure Readiness
 - o Public/private **charging station deployment**, policy support.
- > EV Research & Innovation Ecosystem
 - o Manufacturing, R&D capabilities, tech innovations in EV.

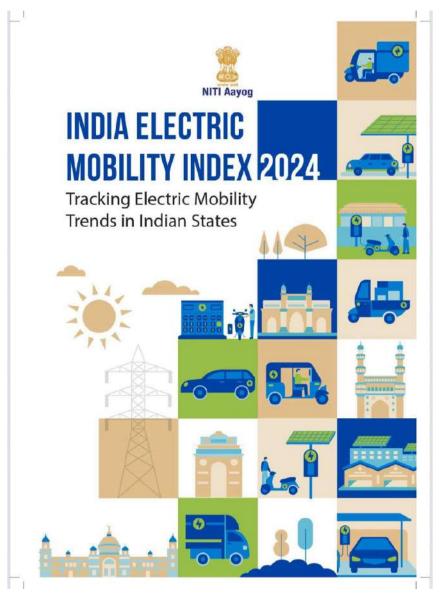


Key Features

▶ 0-100 Comparative Scoring of all States/UTs.

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- > Interactive Dashboard for real-time insights.
- ➤ **Policy Guidance Tool** identifies gaps & best practices.
- > Facilitates **cross-sectoral planning & investment**.



India Electric Mobility Index 2024 - Key Findings

Area	Highlights
Top Performers	Delhi, Maharashtra, Chandigarh
EV Share in Sales	Increased from 5% (2018) to 7.7% (2024)
EV Registrations	5 million+ EVs on road (as of June 2025)

Area	Highlights
EVs in 2024	12 lakh EVs registered
Charging Stations	25,000+ installed by Oct 2024
Top Infra State	Karnataka – most charging installations
Policy Coverage	29 states/UTs have EV policies; 4 in draft

Significance

- > Aids **Green Mobility** under climate targets.
- > Enhances **EV** infrastructure rollouts.
- > Promotes **Make in India** via local EV manufacturing.
- > Supports **inter-ministerial coordination** and capacity building.

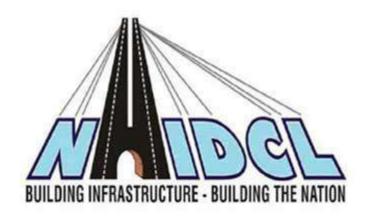
National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited (NHIDCL)

Syllabus: GS-3: Indian Economy - Public Sector Undertakings (PSU)

Context:

The traffic from Sikkim and Kalimpong to Siliguri and vice versa on NH10 remained suspended because of repairs by the National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited on a 30 km-long stretch following a landslide and cave-ins.

About National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd (NHIDCL)



Basic Information

> **Type**: Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU)

> Parent Ministry: Ministry of Road Transport & Highways, Government of India.

> Incorporated on: 18 July 2014

> **Under**: Companies Act, 2013

Ownership: Wholly owned by the Government of India.

Mandate & Functions

- > **Primary Objective**: Construction, upgradation, and widening of **National Highways and Infrastructure** in:
 - Border areas
 - Remote and strategic regions

> Key Goals:

- Strengthening regional connectivity
- Supporting economic development in less accessible areas
- o Enhancing **geopolitical and security interests** via infrastructure

Geographical Jurisdiction

- > Union Territories:
 - o Jammu & Kashmir
 - Ladakh
 - Andaman & Nicobar Islands

> States:

- Entire Northeastern Region (NER)
- Uttarakhand

Infrastructure Focus

- National Highways
- Tunnels
- Interstate &International road linkages
- Logistics hubs
- Advanced mobility facilities

Strategic Role

- ➤ **Nodal Agency** for implementing India's **Act East Policy** in the Northeast.
- > Facilitates **inter-country connectivity** (e.g., with Bhutan, Nepal, Myanmar, Bangladesh).
- > Supports India's **strategic outreach** to ASEAN and East Asia.

LEAP-1 Mission

Syllabus: GS-3; Science & Technology

Context

- ➤ The **LEAP-1 Mission** marks a significant milestone for **Dhruva Space**, an emerging Indian space tech startup, as its **first commercial satellite mission**.
- ➤ Developed in collaboration with **Australia-based Akula Tech and Esper Satellites**, the mission showcases India's growing prowess in the private space sector.

Key Highlights of LEAP-1 Mission:

- ➤ **Satellite Platform:** Uses Dhruva Space's indigenously developed **P-30 platform**, which was successfully tested in the **LEAP-TD mission** aboard ISRO's **PSLV-C58** (January 2024).
- > Pavloads:
 - Nexus-01: Features an AI module for real-time data processing, enabling applications like fire detection, spectral analysis, and continuous learning from live sensor data.
 - Esper Satellites' OTR-2: Equipped with a hyperspectral imager for advanced Earth observation, providing rich spectral data via their EarthTones API.
- ➤ Applications: Enhances capabilities in defense, disaster management, agriculture, mining, and environmental monitoring.

Significance:

- > Demonstrates **India's private sector advancements in space technology**.
- Strengthens global collaborations (with Australian partners).
- Expands AI-driven and hyperspectral imaging applications for commercial and strategic use.



National Green Hydrogen Mission

Syllabus: GS-3; Science & Technology

Context

The Indian Government has introduced a new initiative through the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy to support special pilot projects for green hydrogen.

About

➤ **Primary Aim**: To establish India as a **global hub** for the production, utilization, and export of **Green Hydrogen (GH2)** and its derivatives.

Key Components

1. Strategic Interventions for Green Hydrogen Transition (SIGHT)

- a. Two financial incentive mechanisms:
 - i. Domestic electrolyser manufacturing
 - ii. Green Hydrogen production

2. Pilot Projects

a. Supports emerging end-use sectors and innovative production methods.

3. Green Hydrogen Hubs

a. Identification and development of regions for large-scale GH2 production/utilization.

4. R&D (Strategic Hydrogen Innovation Partnership - SHIP)

a. Public-private collaboration for research and development.

5. Skill Development

a. Training programs to build a skilled workforce for the GH2 ecosystem.

Latest Developments

Funding for Testing Facilities:

- ₹200 crore allocated till 2025-26 for setting up quality and performance testing facilities.
- o **Implementing Agency**: National Institute of Solar Energy (NISE).

Significance

- ➤ Aims to reduce fossil fuel dependence and cut carbon emissions.
- ➤ Positions India as a leader in the global green hydrogen market.
- > Supports **Atmanirbhar Bharat** by boosting domestic electrolyser manufacturing.

